THE LABOR MARKET REFORM AND ITALY'S IMPROVING ATTRACTIVENESS TO FOREIGN INVESTORS IN THE LAST DECADE

Opening contribution at the American Bar Association Conference Milan, May 7, 2018

In collaboration with Michelangelo Quaglia and Filippo Teoldi



The Foreign Investors' requests to the Italian Government

Mario Monti

2011: the premier Mario Monti receives from the F.I. Committee a series of proposals, aimed at increasing Italy's attractiveness to entrepreneurs

CONFINDUSTRIA	Ever Eseri Confindustio
COMITATO INVESTIT	ORI ESTERI CONFINDUSTRIA
	R RAFFORZARE L'ATTRATTIVITÁ TITORI ESTERI DI PERTINENZA DEL
	RO E POLITICHE SOCIALI CON E PARI OPPORTUNITÁ

Roma, 1 dicembre 2011



a) proposals aimed at improving labor market performance

- Simplifying labor law
- aligning it to those of major other Countries...
- ... namely: replacing the old regime of job property, based on sect. 18 of the «Statute of workers» of 1970, by a regime based on flexicurity
- shifting the center of gravity of the industrial relation system from national level to periphery: enhancing plant-level bargaining



b) Foreign Investors' proposal in four other fields



Reducing tax burden on businesses and labor income



- Reducing energy price differential in Italy compared to central and northern Europe
- Making the administration of Justice faster



• Reducing red tape for those who invest



Four main goals of 2012-15 reform

- **A.** making the Italian labor market **more attractive** for foreign investors through HR management **simplification**
- B. making it more flexible and more inclusive, abandoning the old regime of rigid protection of regular workers' stability
- **C.** extending to all workers an **unemployment insurance** aligned to the best European standards
- D. building a modern system of assistance services in the market able to satisfy the enterprises' demands of skilled labor

The **reform of dismissals** enacted in 2015 (decr. N. 23/2015)

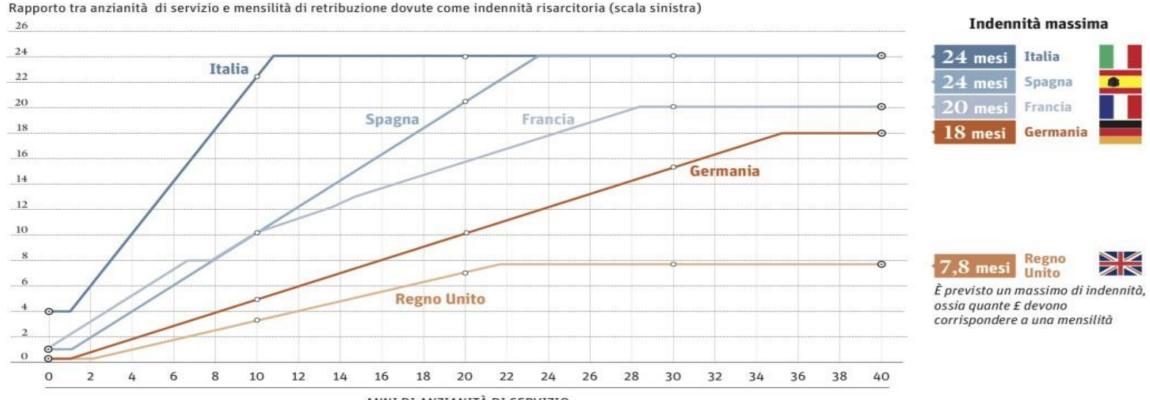
• A lighter and more easy-to-read legislative text that



- minimizes the space of discretion of the courts...
- \rightarrow in order to reduce litigation hazard
- → thus reducing a litigation rate which had become abnormal
- ... and favors a standard settlement in all cases of «phisiological» dismissal (dismissal is no more considered as an extreme measure, intrinsically negative, as far as the worker is duly supported)

The quasi-alignment of the Italian severance cost with that of the other major EU Countries

Il confronto internazionale



ANNI DI ANZIANITÀ DI SERVIZIO

Unemployment benefit: 75% last salary (from the 4th month: -3% each month)

UN ASSICURAZIONE CONTRO LA DISOCCUPAZIONE SECONDO I MIGLIORI STANDARD EUROPEI

Not di discupatione

Nuova ASpl (ultima retribuzione mensile € 1000)

Simplifying labor contracts (Legislative Decree no. 81/2015)

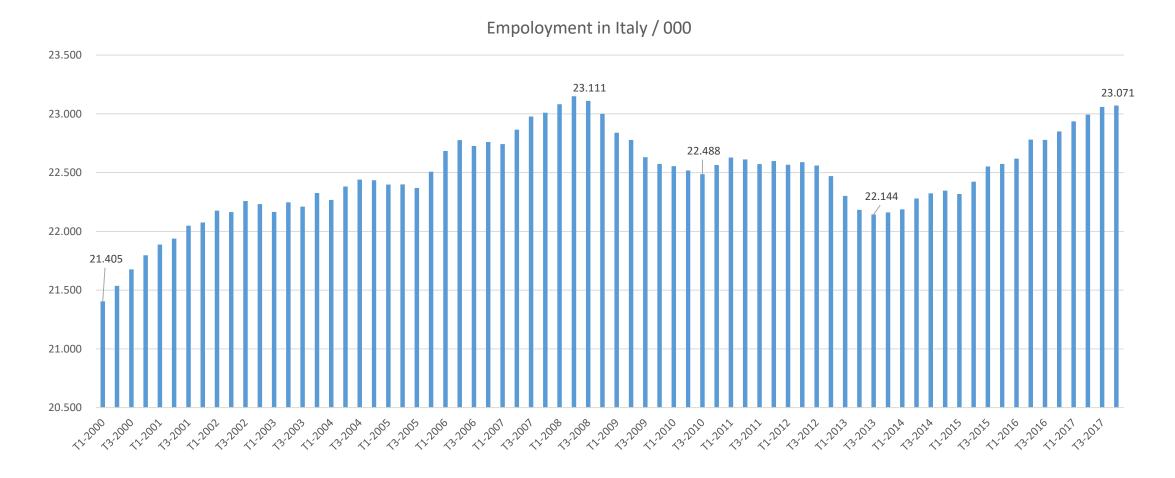
The discipline of eight crucial labor law chapters has been simplified with new elements of flexibility and repeal of dozens of previous laws

a) distinction between dependent employment and self-employment
b) change of employee's duties c) fixed-term contracts d) part-time
e) occasional jobs f) job on call g) temporary work agencies
h) apprenticeship

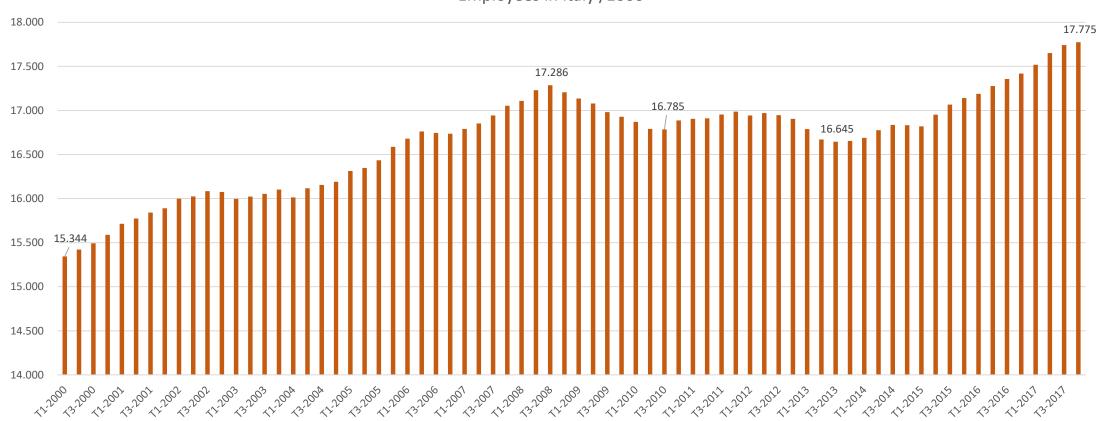
Plant level bargaining has been incentivized

What has followed

Employment in Italy from 2000 to 2017: recovery of pre-crisis levels

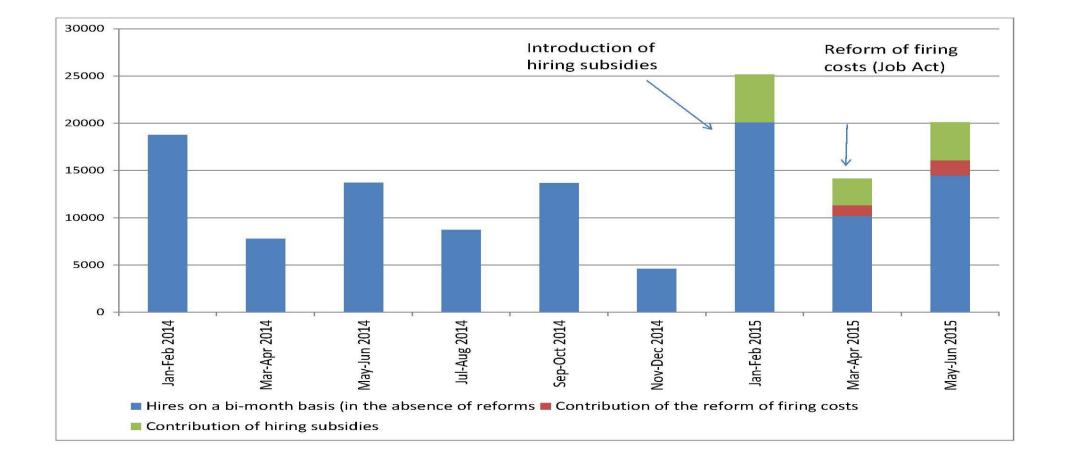


Employees in Italy from 2000 to 2017: labor policies aimed at boosting **stable employment**



Employees in Italy /1000

The causal effect of the dismissals reform, and of incentive, on the increase of stable employment



Sestito and Viviano, in Economic Policy, 2018)

After the 2012-2015 reform: no appreciable increase in the frequency of dismissals (1.4%), but

a dramatic reduction of litigation at Court concerning dismissals and fixed-term contracts



Le cause di lavoro

In Italia nel settore prvato

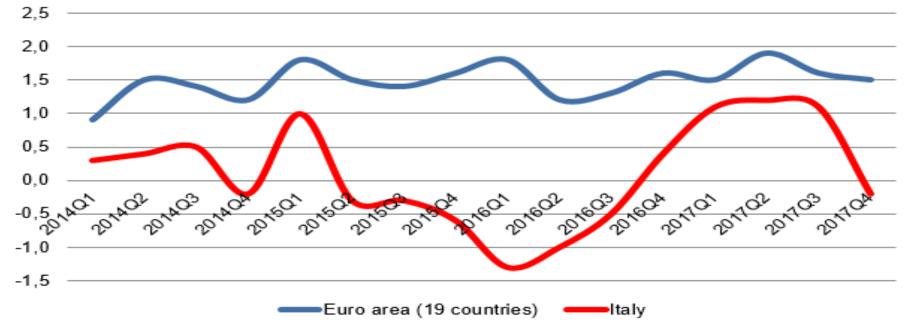
PROCEDIMENTI ISCRITTI A RUOLO IN MATERIA DI LAVORO

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Var. % nei	5 anni
Categoria e qualifica	1.627	1.508	1.520	1.486	1.307	-19	
Mansioni	1.346	1.326	1.222	1.062	1.248	-7	
Retribuzione	52.644	51.923	47.131	41.368	39.293	-25	
Sanz. discipl. minori	1.440	1.184	1.237	1.229	1.364	-5	
Trasferimento	472	498	514	540	668		41
Trasfer. azienda	470	407	444	360	324	-31	
Dimissioni	389	387	424	331	295	-24	
Tot. Parziale	58.388	57.233	52.492	46.376	44.499	-23	
Contratto a termine	8.019	4.363	2.867	1.789	1.246	-84	
Lavoro interinale	1.376	633	430	251	280	-79	
Licenziam. collettivo	901	552	462	403	279	-69	
Lic. g.m.o.*	7.535	5.952	4.615	3.493	3.298	-56	
Lic. disciplinare	3.665	2.432	1.494	1.050	1.040	-71	
Lic. giusta causa	5.641	3.522	2.492	1.966	2.151	-61	
Licenz. Dirigente	455	506	338	295	286	-37	
Tot. Parziale	27.592	17.960	12.698	9.247	8.580	-69	
TOTALE	123.156	110.259	98.016	85.460	82.514		33)

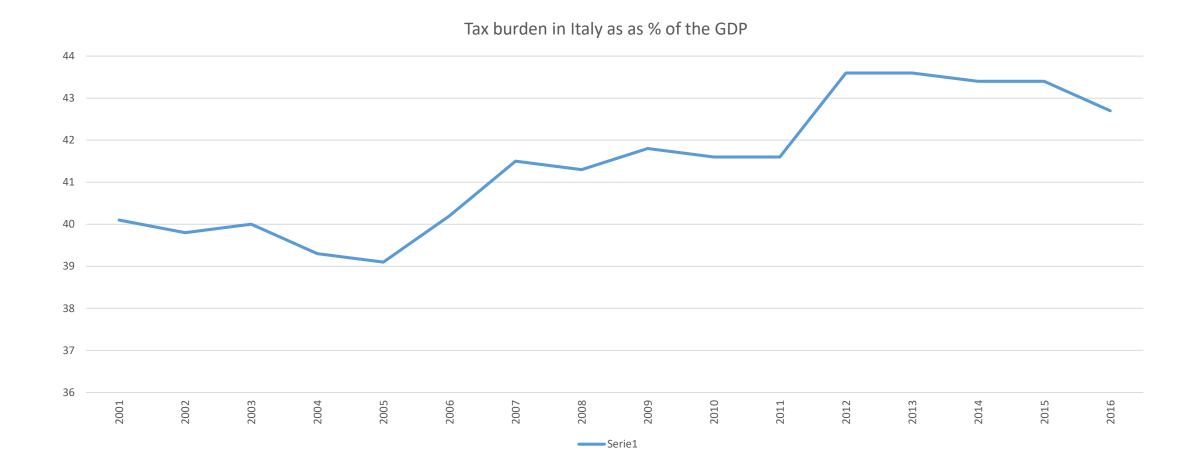
(source: Ministry of Justice)

Labor cost in Italy has decreased mainly due to welfare contribution reductions





General tax burden has decreased since 2012...



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... but the huge tax burden on business income has decreased since 2005

Total tax rate (% of commercial profits)

World Bank, Doing Business project (doingbusiness.org).

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The foreign investments volume in Italy has significantly increased over the last years

Foreign Investments Stock, as % of GDP 20,0 18,7 18,0 16,0 16,4 14,0 12,0 10,7 10,0 8,0 6,0 2000 2002 2003 2005 2006 2008 2009 2010 2013 2015 2016 2001 2007 2011 2012 2014 2004

More needs to be done to increase Italy's attractiveness and its integration in the EU, but a lot has already changed for the better

Let's hope that the **new Government**, which will soon take office, **will continue on this path**

Thank you for your attention

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